

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Product name: Open Cell Polyurethane Foam

### **SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

1.1 Product Identifier
Flexible Polyurethane Foam
1.2 Recommended Use of the Material
As a cushioning component
1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet
Company Information: Foam N' M

Foam N' More, Inc. 1177 W. Maple Rd Clawson, MI 48017 Tel: (248) 284-0002 Fax: (248) 284-0008 2/17/2022

Date Prepared:

### SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This material is not classified as hazardous under the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). **2.2 GHS Label Elements** 

This material is not classified as hazardous under the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). **2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified** 

None identified

3 1 Substance

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

J.I Jubstance			
Chemical Family:	Flexible Polyurethane Foam		
Product Category:	Polyether foam products		
Polyurethane Foam	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>% by Weight</u>	OSHA PEL/ACGIH TLV
	9009-54-5	100%	None Established

### 3.2 Mixtures

This material does not meet the criteria of a mixture under the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

	SECTION 4: FIRST A	ID MEASURES
4.1 Description of First Aid Measure	s	
Routes of Entry:	Inhalation – Foam due	st
	Coarse dust can cause mechanical irritation of lungs and eyes. Airborne dust is evaluated as a nuisance dust. If ignited, foam may decompose and emit toxic gases and respiratory irritants. Eye – Foam dust	
	Coarse dust can cause mechanical irritation to the eyes. If exposed, avoid rubbing eyes.	
Emergency First Aid Procedures:	Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air; contact physician if respiratory discomfort persists.
	Eyes:	Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes



Skin: Ingestion: None necessary

None necessary

#### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Chronic

This material is not classified as hazardous under the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical; Water; Carbon Dioxide

None

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

### 5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance

If ignited, foam can produce rapid flame spread, intense heat, dense black smoke, and toxic gases. Material can melt into a burning liquid that can drip and flow.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon monoxide; acetaldehyde, acrylonitrile, TDI, polymer fragments, oxides of nitrogen and hydrogen cyanide. Fire Retardant foams may generate emissions of hydrogen chloride, hydrogen bromide, hydrogen fluoride or phosphoric acid.

### **5.3 Special Protective Actions for Firefighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing in enclosed areas. Spray cool water on adjacent buildings to reduce risk of further material igniting.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

No special response required

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

7.1 Precautions for Safe Ha	ndling	
Material requires no specia	I handling domestically, but the following is recommended for industrial processing:	
Ventilation:	Local exhaust ventilation is recommended for those processing procedures that may generate foam dust and decomposition products. Examples of these processes include sawing, grinding, buffing, and flame lamination, hot wire cutting, heat sealing and hot stamping.	
Respiratory Protection:	Should be selected based on identity and concentration of air contaminant. Only NIOSH- approved respirators for protection against the air contaminant of concern should be used.	
Eye Protection:	Recommended for those processing operations that may generate dust.	
7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities		
Storage:	Keep away from all sources of ignition, such as open flames; strong oxidizers (e.g., hypochlorites), etc. Do not store foam near any ignition sources such as exposed electrical or gas heating elements, open flames, and exposed lights. Do not smoke in foam storage areas. It is recommended that warehousing of bun stock, sheets, rolls and fabricated items should be stored under a fusible sprinkler system with a minimum of six feet clearance between stacks of foam and the sprinkler heads. Do not allow foam scrap and cuttings to accumulate and maintain clear aisles with adequate access to all storage areas and exits.	
Incompatibility: Other Precautions:	Strong oxidizing acids – will degrade Notify local fire companies of presence of large quantities of foam.	



### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control Parameters

#### None established

#### 8.2 Exposure Controls

Avoid breathing foam dust when cutting or abrading, wear suitable PPE.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical properties			
Physical form	Uniform cellular solid structu	ure of varying colors with sl	ight characteristic odor.
Boiling Point:	Not Applicable	Density:	0.5-4.0 lbs./cu.ft.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):	Not Applicable	Melting Point:	350-375° F
Vapor Density:	Not Applicable	Evaporation Rate:	Not Applicable
Flash Point:	Decomposition products	LEL:	None
	flash at >500°F		
Flammable Limits:	Not Applicable		
Solubility in Water:	Insoluble		
9.2 Other Information			
Classification:	Combustible Solid	l	
NFPA Sprinkler Classification:	Extra Hazard		
	No additional inf	ormation available	

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use

#### **10.2 Chemical Stability**

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures

#### **10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

No hazardous reactions known under normal conditions of use or storage

Will Not Occur

Spontaneous Combustion:

**10.4 Conditions to Avoid** 

All sources of ignition

#### **10.5 Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizing materials (e.g., hypochlorites), strong alkalis.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Acute Toxicity

Based on available information, this material does not pose any proven skin, eye, respiratory or cell mutagenicity effects under normal conditions of use.

Carcinogenicity:
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NTP: IARC Cancer Review: OSHA Regulated: No No None Known

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity

Based on available information, this material is not expected to cause effects in the aquatic environment

### 12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Based on available information, this material will break down harmlessly with exposure to sunlight in the environment



## 12.3 Bioaccumalative Potential

No data available **12.3 Bioaccumalative Potential** No data available **12.4 Mobility in Soil** No data available **12.5 Other Adverse Effects** No data available

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1 Waste Disposal Method

13.1 Waste Disposal Method	
Product Waste:	Federal, state, and local authorities should be contacted before attempting any form of disposal. All disposal methods must be in compliance with Federal, State/Provincial and local regulations.
Packaging Waste:	Federal, state, and local authorities should be contacted before attempting any form of disposal. All disposal methods must be in compliance with local, Federal, State/Provincial and National/International regulations.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### 14.1 US DOT

Not regulated as hazardous for shipment.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **15.1 Regulatory Status CERCLA Hazardous** None reportable Substances (40 CFR 302): SARA 311/312 None reportable **SARA 313** None reportable **15.2 US State Regulations** STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW: to the best of our knowledge, this material contains no chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other productive harm (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6) **15.3 Canadian Regulations** All components of this material are listed on, or exempt from, the DSL. DSL: Not a "Controlled Product" under WHMIS WHMIS Information: **15.4 International Inventories United States** This material is not required to be listed on the TSCA Inventory REACH Polyurethane foam is considered an "article" under the European REACH Regulations and so is not subject to those regulations. However, based on the latest information available to us from our chemical suppliers (whose products are subject to REACH), they assure us that all the materials they produce for us to make our PU foam do not contain any of the Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) listed by the European Chemicals Agency under the REACH Regulations. That means that even if our foam had to comply, it would do so.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**16.1 NFPA Rating** Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0



### SECTION 17: INFORMATION FOR THE USER AND THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY

Terms such as "fire retardant", "slow burning" and "flame resistant" describe certain flammability properties and should not be regarded as denoting fire safety under all conditions. Small-scale fire tests are not intended to reflect hazards presented by these or any other material under real fire conditions.

Thermal decomposition products from polyurethane foams can be toxic and present a risk to humans who are exposed. This is true for all organic materials. Fire risks in varying degrees are common to all fires: heat, carbon monoxide, other toxicants, oxygen depletion and smoke. In fires involving polyurethane foam, particularly flexible foams, large quantities of dense smoke can be generated quickly.

Personnel involved in firefighting should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and be aware of the exposure to toxic and potentially lethal gases. Standard fire-fighting equipment generally employed by authorized firemen is mandatory.

An SDS such as this cannot be expected to cover all possible individual situations. The user has the responsibility to provide a safe workplace. All aspects of an individual operation should be examined to determine if, or where precautions, in addition to those described herein, are required. Any health hazard information contained herein should be passed on to your employees.

The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. All materials may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Final determination of suitability of this material is the sole responsibility of the user. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or any other nature are made hereunder with respect to the information contained herein or the material to which the information refers. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.